

Clmpto
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1. (original) A method for fabricating a capacitor, comprising the steps of:
 - a) forming a lower electrode on a semiconductor substrate;
 - b) forming a dielectric layer on the lower electrode;
 - c) loading the semiconductor substrate containing the dielectric layer into a deposition chamber;
 - d) nitriding a surface of the dielectric layer while NH₃ gas is flowed into the deposition chamber; and
 - c) forming an upper layer by using a source gas NH₃, containing Titanium (Ti) on the nitrated surface of the dielectric layer through an atomic layer deposition (ALD) method.

2. (original) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the step d) is performed on condition that the source gas NH₃ is flowed in at a flow rate of about 300 sccm to about 1000 sccm for about 10 seconds to about 120 seconds.

7. (currently amended) The method as recited in claim 3, wherein step b1) further includes the steps of:

- a2) absorbing the TiCl₄ onto the dielectric layer by feeding the TiCl₄;
 - b2) feeding the TiCl₄ gas in order to make it absorbed adsorb the TiCl₄ on onto the dielectric layer;
 - c2) purging a remnant remnants of the TiCl₄ gas remaining after the absorption adsorption;
 - d2) feeding NH₃ gas on onto a surface of the dielectric layer on which the TiCl₄ is already absorbed adsorbed; and
 - e2) purging a remnant of the NH₃ gas and a by-product which is formed by a chemical reaction between the NH₃ and the TiCl₄.

8. (new) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the upper layer includes a TiN layer formed by the ALD method using TiCl₄ gas as a precursor.